VALUES, INSTITUTIONS, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The article deals with the problems associated with the formation of a new wave of research in economic development implying certain paradigmatic constraints; the author substantiates the need to move to an intersubjective paradigm. Economic development is interpreted as a process of mutually conditioned cultural and institutional changes; the features of economic models associated with various combinations of incentive and coercive methods of institutional regulation are revealed.

**Keywords:** methodology of economics, economic development, neomodernization theory, neoinstitutionalism, constructivism, ideas, values, institutional changes, institutional violence.

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THE DEVELOPMENT OF SHARING ECONOMY AS A TREND IN THE TRANSFORMATION OF ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIPS IN THE SOCIAL AREA

The article presents the main features of the sharing economy and some practical experience of its development as a tool for the stimulation of social and innovative activities. The global trends in the sharing economy, which is now being implemented in Russia, are determined. The functions of socio-innovative activity provided by the sharing economy are systematized. The influence of sharing economy elements on social-innovative activity through the digitalization of economic processes is shown.

**Keywords:** shared economy, joint consumption, social innovation, transformation of trends.
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ARTIFICIAL ENTREPRENEURIAL ECOSYSTEMS AS A REGIONAL BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT RECONFIGURATION FACTOR
The article proposes to use an ecosystem approach to the study of regional entrepreneurship, which allows you to focus on the specific spatio-temporal context of entrepreneurship development, taking into account the nature of the interactions of economic agents and their relationships with business environment. A mathematical model is proposed that is based on the evaluation of the function of the ratio of business profit growth resulting from the formation of a specific environment in artificial entrepreneurial ecosystems to the total operational costs incurred by the business entity. A model has been developed for assessing the benefits of a resident entrepreneur’s entering an artificial entrepreneurial ecosystem.

Keywords: entrepreneurship, region, business environment, ecosystem approach, entrepreneurial ecosystems, conventionally natural entrepreneurial ecosystems, artificial entrepreneurial ecosystems, regional context, institutional configuration, reconfiguration.

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THE IMPACT OF THE FOURTH INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION ON THE FORMATION OF HUMAN CAPITAL AND THE EVOLUTION OF THE GLOBAL LABOR MARKET
The article analyzes the problems of human capital formation and use in developed, developing (RS) and least developed countries (LDCs). The author also highlights the emerging new characteristics of labor market.

Keywords: fourth industrial revolution, digital technologies, human capital, robots, computerization of jobs, automation of production processes and services.
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GENERALIZED POVERTY AND THE WAYS TO ELIMINATE IT

The author maintains, that today the poverty of the population in Russia is one of the most acute economic, social, political, and, consequently, scientific problems and the adequate methods of tackling it have not been worked out so far. It is suggested that our understanding of the poverty causes be refined by investigating the peculiarities of the existing socio-economic system, for some of them weaken the economy and impoverish people.

Keywords: poverty, monopoly and competition, socio-economic structure, distribution of national income, profit, wages and investments, speculative economy.

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ON THE FORMATION OF THE INSTITUTIONAL BASIS OF CIVIL SOCIETY IN MODERN RUSSIA

Currently, the not-for-profit sector of Russian economy is experiencing stagnation: the funds allocated to NGOs by the state are not adequate, receiving investments from abroad is fraught with being given the status of a foreign agent, and taxation does not provide a flexible system of tax exemption for socially beneficial institutions. Russian society has a vague idea of what not-for-profit and nonprofit organizations are.

Keywords: non-profit organizations, civil society, sociological survey, transplantation of institutions, social contract.

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THE METHODS TO REDUCE POVERTY IN UZBEKISTAN

The article focuses on the search for funding sources to form a compulsory health insurance fund and a housing fund supporting workers employed in the commercial sector in case of their temporary disability. Measures are proposed aimed at reducing the share of the shadow economy, increasing the official
employment rate and, on this basis, expanding the sources of financing pensions, allowances and other social transfers.

**Keywords:** integration processes, employment rate, social insurance and security, living wage, minimum wage, compulsory medical insurance, social tax, personal income tax.

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**EURASIAN INTEGRATION IN THE CONTEXT OF NATIONAL ECONOMIC SECURITY**

The authors consider the various models and types of unions that are taking shape during the multi-speed Eurasian “integration of integrations”. New contours of the spatial structure of Greater Eurasia, the linking and structuring of the Eurasian economic space, are being examined. Proposals are substantiated for updating approaches to the Strategy for the socio-economic development of the CIS member countries and for building vectors of effective interaction with other country associations in the world.

**Keywords:** Eurasian Integration, Commonwealth of Independent States, Development Strategies, Russian Priorities, National Economic Security.