SUMMARY

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LONG-TERM FORECASTING OF THE RUSSIAN BASIC SCIENCE: METHODOLOGICAL ASPECTS

The article discusses the methodology problems related to the long-term forecasting of the Russian basic science development with account to expert procedures. It describes goals and objectives of such forecasting, characteristics and assessment of relevant instruments. The thematic forecast for economic science development (basic science component) up to 2030 is given as an example.

Key words: basic science, long-term forecasting, strategic planning, statistical basis, Foresight, expert forecasting.

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MANAGEMENT OF INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT IN THE SYSTEM «SCIENCE–PRODUCTION–CONSUMPTION»

In the article, through simulation it is shown that the diversion of capital into the sphere of science is determined by the magnitude of the cost or national income, and the growth of this distraction is associated with the value of the difference between these categories and use-value to the national product. Given the scheme of «vertical innovation development».

Key words: strategy, governance, political economy, uncertainty, forecasting, planning, dualism, ideology, trends, national idea, patriotism.

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DYNAMICS OF ENERGY CONSUMPTION UPON TRANSITION TO A POST-IDUSTRIAL STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT

On the basis of analysis of energy consumption indicators for countries with different levels of development of economy the characteristic excess of dependence of energy consumption on economic growth and formation of energy consumption saturation upon transition to post-industrial structure of economy is defined. Double increase in demand for energy in the first half of the century and stabilization of global volume of energy consumption at the level of 19–21 billion toe is predicted at domination of fossil hydrocarbon energy resources.
**Summary**

**Key words:** postindustrial economy, gross national product structure, energy consumption, energy resources, alternative energy.

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**FINANCIAL STRATEGY OF THE JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES IN THE STOCK MARKET**

The paper reviews the methods of attracting the financial resources for investments. There considered the methodological issues of financial analysis of the joint-stock company. The author formulated conclusions and suggestions on attraction of external capital by the joint-stock companies of Uzbekistan.

**Key words:** securities market, stock market, attraction of investment, joint-stock company, securities, Capital Asset Pricing Model, warrant.

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**THE FINANCIAL POLICY OF THE RUSSIAN COMPANIES IN THE CONDITIONS OF DEBT RESTRICTIONS**

The author considers features of a debt policy of the Russian companies. The management of the Russian companies actively enough regulate the debt policy. The special attention in article is given to use of internal resources in the conditions of debt restrictions.

**Key words:** internal growth, debt restrictions, capital structure, shock, debt conservatism, speed of adjustment (SOA), precautionary motive.

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**SPECIFICITY OF INFLATION PROCESSES IN TAJIKISTAN**

The article studies the factors that determined the inflation processes in Tajikistan in 2015–2016. In contrast to other countries in the region, inflation in Tajikistan did not decrease against the backdrop of a weak price environment on world energy and food markets

**Key words:** inflation, world prices for food and oil, monetary aggregates, savings.

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**LABOR POTENTIAL OF MODERN RUSSIA OLD TRENDS, CURRENT CHALLENGES**

The study reveals several groups of factors affecting labor potential reproduction connected with differentiation of workforce and workplaces and labor market
imperfection. It proves the use of the complex approach which takes into account the variety of factors on the part of demand (transformation of the employment structure, incidence of precarious employment, demand for workers who possess innovative skills) as well as supply (health status, values of the young generation, skills level) on the labor market and thus helps to overcome the disproportion between the system of education, labor and social relations.

**Key words:** The reproduction of the labor potential, quality of labour potential, demographic processes, morbidity, self-reported health, level of competences, the realization of labor potential, the performance of labor activity, innovative activity of the population, unstable employment.

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**SOCIAL CONTEXT OF ECONOMIC INEQUALITY IS IN RUSSIA**

In the article the social aspects of economic inequality are examined in society. The special attention applies on the unmoney indexes of social stratification of Russian society. A conclusion is grounded, that economic inequality in Russian society walked up to the critical line fraught serious social threats.

**Key words:** economic inequality, justice, standard of living, poverty, Russian society.

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**THE PROBLEM OF INCREASING EXPENDITURES ON SOCIAL PROTECTION AND WAYS TO SOLVE IT**

The article analyzes the growth of spending on social policy in the context of the development of social protection systems and the changes taking place in society. The main tasks to be solved by economists and politicians are defined. It’s proposed the directions of the reform of financing arrangements in the field of health care and pensions.

**Key words:** social policy, social security, pensions, deficit funding, population aging.

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**HOW TO CREATE A POSITIVE IMAGE OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN RUSSIA?**

Entrepreneurial initiative is the engine of progress and contributes to the development and establishment of improved market forms of management. However, if in society there is a negative perception of the business, the initiative is significantly reduced. In this regard, the article presents an analysis of Russians’ attitude towards entrepreneurship, the main problems of perception
and directions of forming a positive image of entrepreneurship in Russia from a position of status motivation.

**Key words:** business, entrepreneurship, image, business ethics, status motivation, entrepreneurial potential.

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**ABOUT USING THE PROFESSIONAL COMMUNITIES IN THE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT**

The article discusses the possibilities of using professional communities to address issues related to the development of the professional qualification system. The results of the study of the HR specialists’ headcount are described. The professional communities in the field of personnel management in the Russian Federation are analyzed. Their readiness to solve the problems of professional qualifications system development in the field of personnel management is determined.

**Key words:** personnel management, professional communities, the system of professional qualifications, professional standards